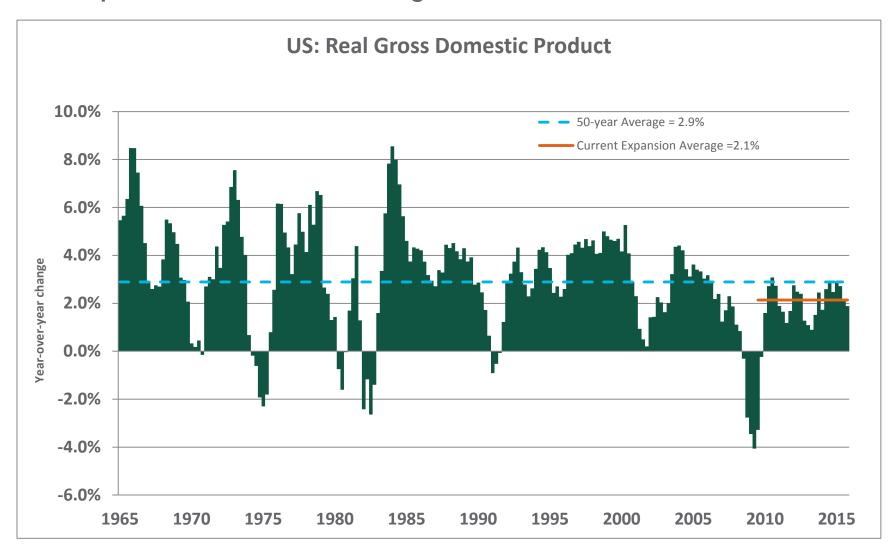
# Tailwinds and Headwinds in the Global Economy



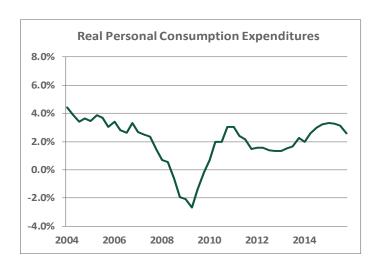
## **United States**

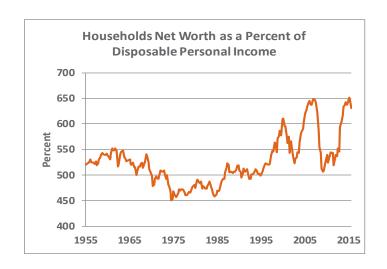


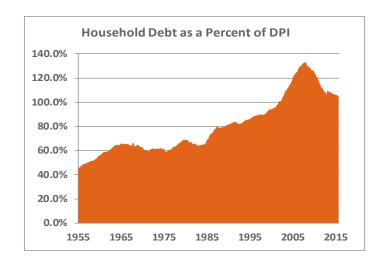
#### The expansion is one of the longest on record.

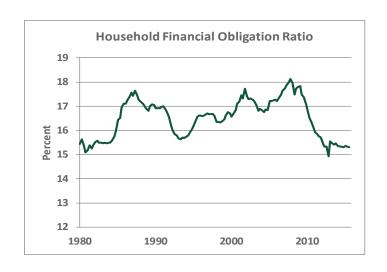


#### Favorable consumer fundamentals are supportive of growth.

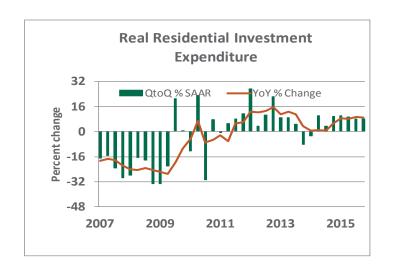


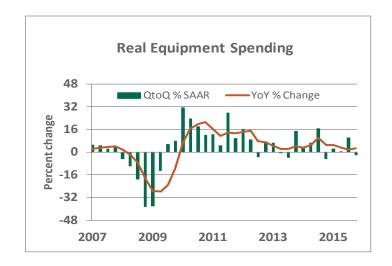


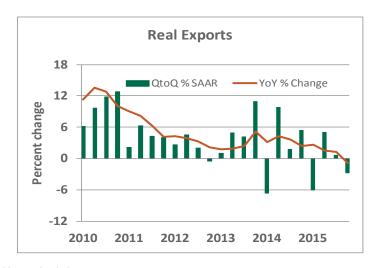


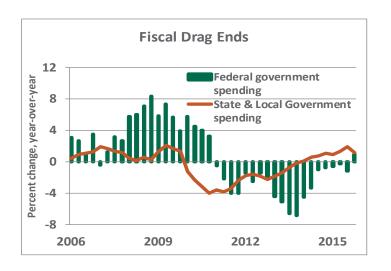


## Exports are on the watch list, business spending is soft, residential and government outlays are not a drag.



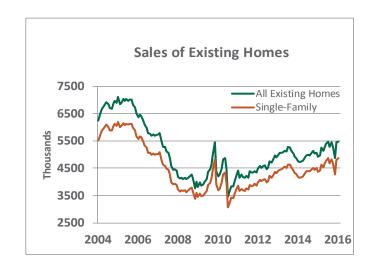


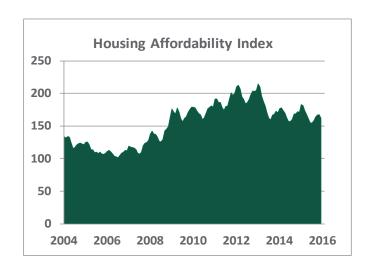


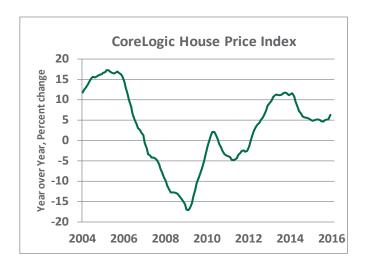


## The housing sector is stable and the outlook is positive.

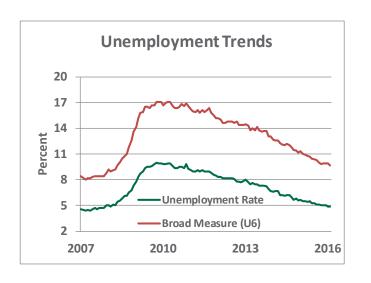


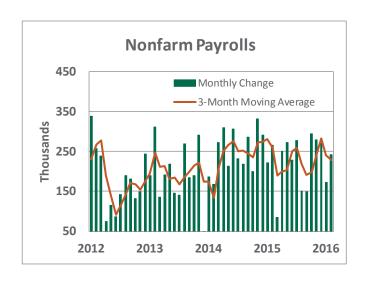


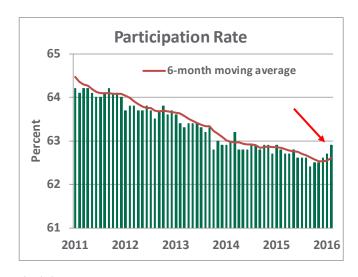


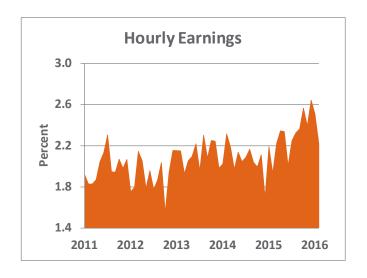


#### The labor market is largely a bright spot, pockets of concern remain.

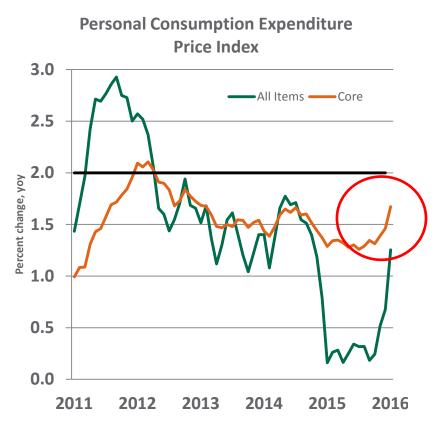




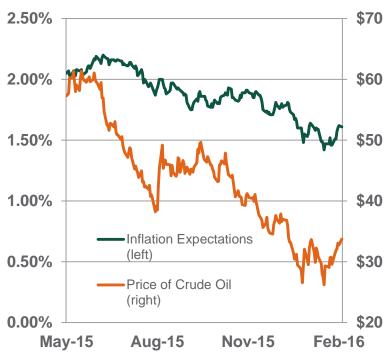




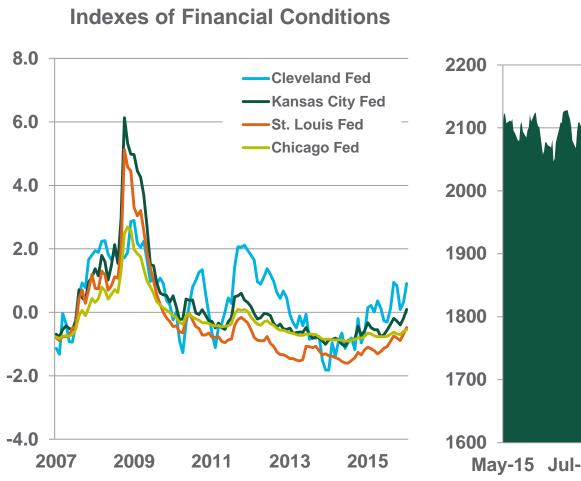
#### Mixed readings on inflation and inflation expectations.

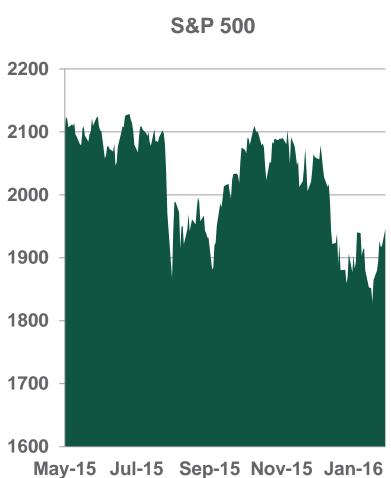


#### **Outlook for Inflation vs. Oil Prices**

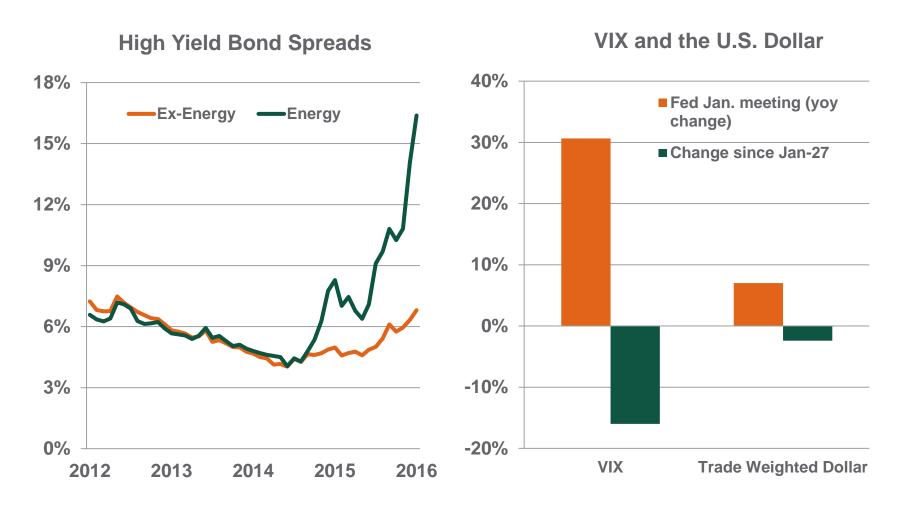


## The Fed is watching financial conditions...





## ... which are complicating matters.

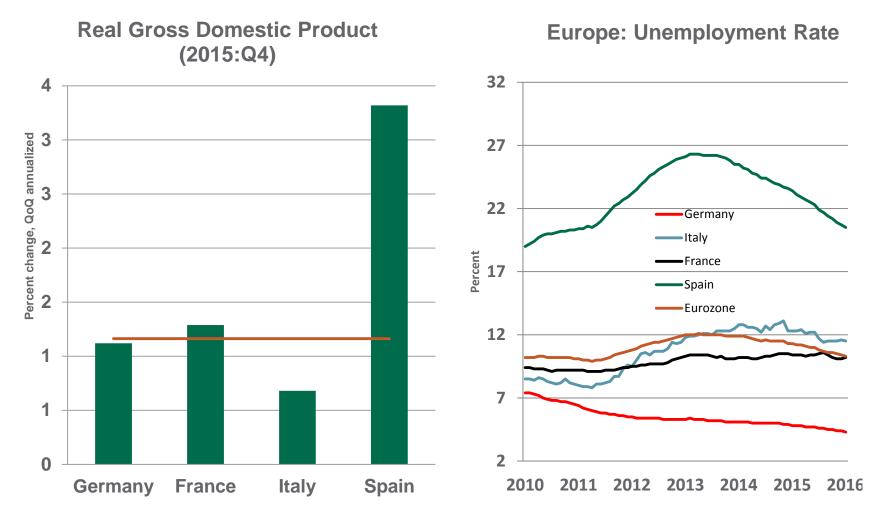


Source: Barclays, Haver Analytics

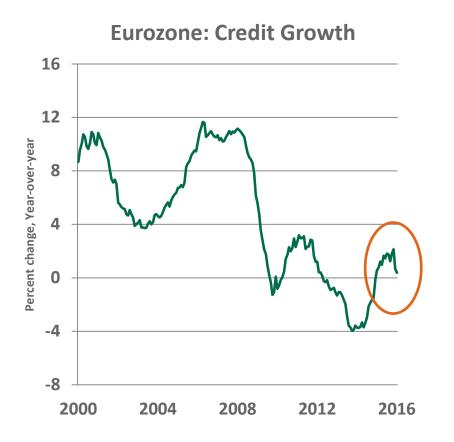
# Eurozone



#### There are no easy economics solutions for the members of the eurozone.



#### What economic variables to track in the eurozone?

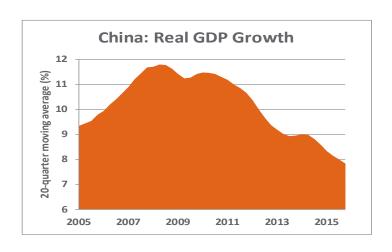




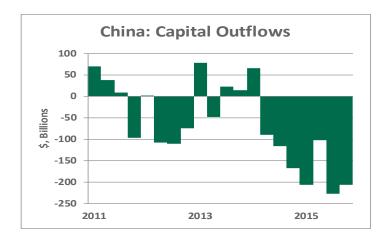
# China

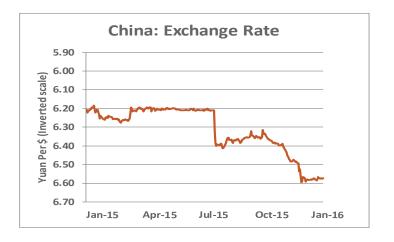


## The Chinese economic challenges present a risk to the global economy.







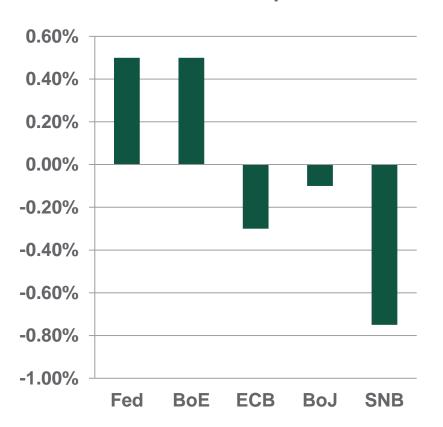


## Central Banks



## Central banks are minding the store.

#### **Central Bank Deposit Rates**



#### **Balance Sheet of Central Banks**

